Consolidated Balance Sheets

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 5)		
As at March 31,	2015	2016	2016	
Assets				
Cash and due from banks (Note 18)	¥ 164,918	¥ 335,643	\$ 2,978,735	
Call loans and bills bought	114,604	_	_	
Monetary claims bought	13,491	11,564	102,631	
Trading account securities	1,074	1,039	9,223	
Money held in trust (Note 10)	5,000	4,967	44,087	
Securities (Note 9 and 15)	2,320,706	2,133,238	18,931,829	
Loans and bills discounted (Note 6)	4,806,908	5,010,417	44,465,902	
Foreign exchanges	4,539	3,196	28,371	
Lease receivables and investment assets	41,498	43,898	389,586	
Other assets	29,006	32,852	291,559	
Property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	67,545	67,732	601,101	
Intangible assets	9,007	8,623	76,531	
Net defined benefit asset	3	_	_	
Deferred tax assets (Note 21)	1,672	1,416	12,568	
Customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees	15,561	15,870	140,847	
Allowance for loan losses	(44,591)	(38,951)	(345,685)	
Total assets	¥7,550,949	¥7,631,510	\$67,727,285	
Liabilities Deposits (Note 15)	V.6 255 257	V6 421 045	¢ F6 094 792	
	¥ 6,255,357	¥6,421,045	\$56,984,783	
Call money and bills sold	170,265	29,296	260,000	
Payable under securities lending transactions (Note 15)	262,906	270,574	2,401,267	
Foreign exchanges	187,647	257,764	2,287,578	
Bonds with subscription rights to shares	241 24,034	292	2,594	
Other liabilities	47,893	22,536 45,002	200,000	
Provision for directors' bonuses	47,893	43,002	399,382 550	
Net defined benefit liability	1,297	17,890	158,770	
Provision for directors' retirement benefits	640	571	5,076	
Provision for reimbursement of deposits	1,057	1,070	9,496	
Provision for point card certificates	152	151	1,344	
Provision for contingent loss	1,133	1,008	8,953	
Deferred tax liabilities	50,606	32,564	288,998	
Deferred tax habilities by land revaluation (Note 16)	8,551	8,081	71,721	
Acceptances and guarantees	15,561	15,870	140,848	
Total liabilities	7,027,413	7,123,782	63,221,360	
Net assets				
Capital stock	48,652	48,652	431,774	
Capital surplus	29,140	29,140	258,616	
Retained earnings	302,852	326,122	2,894,239	
Treasury shares	(12,251)	(17,296)	(153,497)	
Total shareholders' equity	368,394	386,619	3,431,132	
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	136,783	112,745	1,000,580	
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(9)	(134)	(1,192)	
Revaluation reserve for land (Note 16)	13,960	14,287	126,797	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	461	463	4,117	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(1,429)	(12,196)	(108,241)	
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	149,766	115,165	1,022,061	
Subscription rights to shares	316	377	3,349	
Non-controlling interests	5,058	5,564	49,383	
Total net assets	523,535	507,727	4,505,925	
Total liabilities and net assets	¥7,550,949	¥7,631,510	\$67,727,285	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income

	Millions of	f yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 5)
Years ended March 31,	2015	2016	2016
Income			
Interest income:			
Interest on loans and discounts	¥ 59,774	¥ 58,786	\$ 521,711
Interest and dividends on securities	24,324	26,007	230,811
Other interest income	1,288	1,031	9,157
Fees and commissions	18,910	18,996	168,590
Other ordinary income	21,819	23,753	210,802
Other income	6,535	7,648	67,878
Total income	132,652	136,224	1,208,949
Expenses			
Interest expense:			
Interest on deposits	2,261	2,435	21,619
Interest on call money and bills sold	419	669	5,942
Other interest expenses	1,033	1,407	12,494
Fees and commissions payments	6,632	7,202	63,921
Other ordinary expenses	18,263	19,974	177,264
General and administrative expenses	59,079	57,472	510,050
Other expenses (Note 19 and 22)	3,962	3,783	33,576
Total expenses	91,652	92,945	824,866
Profit before income taxes	40,999	43,278	384,083
Income taxes:			
Current	11,581	12,096	107,355
Deferred ·····	2,088	2,039	18,096
Profit	27,329	29,142	258,632
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	1,418	526	4,668
Profit attributable to owners of parent	¥ 25,910	¥ 28,616	\$ 253,964
	Yer	1	U.S. dollars
Per share amounts			
Profit – primary —	¥ 56.37	¥ 63.78	\$ 0.57
Profit – fully diluted ·····	56.30	63.68	0.57

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

The Gunma Bank, Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

	millions o	f yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 5)
Years ended March 31,	2015	2016	2016
Profit	¥ 27,329	¥ 29,142	\$ 258,632
Other comprehensive income (Note 13)			
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	47,763	(24,096)	(213,851)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	60	(125)	(1,111)
Revaluation reserve for land	879	423	3,762
Foreign currency translation adjustment ······	587	2	21
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	2,631	(10,766)	(95,551)
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using			
the equity method ·····	133	49	435
Total other comprehensive income	52,056	(34,513)	(306,295)
Comprehensive income	79,386	(5,370)	(47,663)
(Details)			
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	77,937	(5,887)	(52,246)
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	¥ 1,448	¥ 516	\$ 4,583

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

_			Millions of yen		
		Sl	nareholders' equity		
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance as of March 31, 2014 ·····	¥48,652	¥29,140	¥289,102	¥ (5,312)	¥361,583
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			(5,672)		(5,672)
Restated balance	48,652	29,140	283,429	(5,312)	355,910
Changes of items during period					
Dividends of surplus	_	_	(4,416)	_	(4,416)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	_	_	25,910	_	25,910
Purchase of treasury shares	_	_	_	(9,567)	(9,567)
Disposal of treasury shares	_	_	(8)	515	507
Retirement of treasury shares	_	(0)	(2,112)	2,112	_
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land	_	_	49	_	49
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	_	_	_	_	_
Total changes of items during period	_	(0)	19,422	(6,939)	12,483
Balance as of March 31, 2015	¥48,652	¥29,140	¥302,852	¥(12,251)	¥368,394

		Accumu	lated other co	omprehensive	e income				
	Valuation difference on available- for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Revaluation reserve for land	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasure- ments of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance as of March 31, 2014 ·····	¥ 88,916	¥(70)	¥13,130	¥(126)	¥(4,061)	¥97,789	¥243	¥8,183	¥467,798
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies									(5,672)
Restated balance	88,916	(70)	13,130	(126)	(4,061)	97,789	243	8,183	462,125
Changes of items during period									
Dividends of surplus	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4,416)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	25,910
Purchase of treasury shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(9,567)
Disposal of treasury shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	507
Retirement of treasury shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	49
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	47,867	60	830	587	2,631	51,977	73	(3,124)	48,926
Total changes of items during period	47,867	60	830	587	2,631	51,977	73	(3,124)	61,409
Balance as of March 31, 2015	¥136,783	¥ (9)	¥13,960	¥ 461	¥(1,429)	¥149,766	¥316	¥5,058	¥523,535

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Mill	lions	of v	7en

		S	hareholders' equity		
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance as of March 31, 2015	¥48,652	¥29,140	¥302,852	¥(12,251)	¥368,394
Changes of items during period					
Dividends of surplus	_	_	(5,407)	_	(5,407)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	_	_	28,616	_	28,616
Purchase of treasury shares	_	_	_	(5,532)	(5,532)
Disposal of treasury shares	_	_	(35)	487	452
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land	_	_	97	_	97
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	_	_	_	_	_
Total changes of items during period			23,270	(5,044)	18,225
Balance as of March 31, 2016	¥48,652	¥29,140	¥326,122	¥(17,296)	¥386,619

Accumulated other comprehensive income

				-					
	Valuation difference on available- for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Revaluation reserve for land	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasure- ments of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance as of March 31, 2015	¥136,783	¥ (9)	¥13,960	¥461	¥ (1,429)	¥149,766	¥316	¥5,058	¥523,535
Changes of items during period									
Dividends of surplus	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,407)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	28,616
Purchase of treasury shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,532)
Disposal of treasury shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	452
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	97
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(24,038)	(125)	326	2	(10,766)	(34,600)	60	505	(34,033)
Total changes of items during period	(24,038)	(125)	326	2	(10,766)	(34,600)	60	505	(15,808)
Balance as of March 31, 2016	¥112,745	¥(134)	¥14,287	¥463	¥(12,196)	¥115,165	¥377	¥5,564	¥507,727

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Thousands of U.S. dollars

		5	Shareholders' equity		
-	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance as of March 31, 2015	\$431,774	\$258,616	\$2,687,722	\$(108,729)	\$3,269,383
Changes of items during period					
Dividends of surplus	_	_	(47,993)	_	(47,993)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	_	_	253,964	_	253,964
Purchase of treasury shares	_	_	_	(49,097)	(49,097)
Disposal of treasury shares	_	_	(316)	4,329	4,013
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land	_	_	862	_	862
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	_	_	_	_	_
Total changes of items during period		_	206,517	(44,768)	161,749
Balance as of March 31, 2016	\$431,774	\$258,616	\$2,894,239	\$(153,497)	\$3,431,132

		Accı	mulated other	comprehensive	income				
	Valuation difference On available- for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Revaluation reserve for land	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasure- ments of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance as of March 31, 2015 ·····	\$1,213,911	\$ (81)	\$123,897	\$4,096	\$(12,690)	\$1,329,133	\$2,808	\$44,893	\$4,646,217
Changes of items during period									
Dividends of surplus	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(47,993)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	253,964
Purchase of treasury shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(49,097)
Disposal of treasury shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,013
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	862
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(213,331)	(1,111)	2,900	21	(95,551)	(307,072)	541	4,490	(302,041)
Total changes of items during period	(213,331)	(1,111)	2,900	21	(95,551)	(307,072)	541	4,490	(140,292)
Balance as of March 31, 2016 ·····	\$1,000,580	\$(1,192)	\$126,797	\$4,117	\$(108,241)	\$1,022,061	\$3,349	\$49,383	\$4,505,925

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Millions	Millions of yen			
Years ended March 31,	2015	2016	U.S. dollars (Note 5) 2016		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2013	2010	2010		
Cash flows from operating activities Profit before income taxes	¥ 40,999	¥ 43,278	\$ 384,083		
Depreciation	\$ 40,999 5,467	\$ 45,276 5,943	52,745		
Impairment loss	3,407	91	814		
Gain on bargain purchase	(2,385)	<i>J</i> 1			
Share of (profit) loss of entities accounted for using equity method	(86)	(100)	(891)		
Increase (decrease) in allowance for loan losses	(7,405)	(5,639)	(50,048)		
Increase (decrease) in provision for directors' bonuses	9	(5)	(44)		
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit asset	6,801	3	32		
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liability	(1,218)	16,592	147,255		
Increase (decrease) in provision for directors' retirement benefits	(69)	(68)	(607)		
Increase (decrease) in provision for reimbursement of deposits	27	12	108		
Increase (decrease) in provision for point card certificates	11	(0)	(5)		
Increase (decrease) in provision for contingent loss	(63)	(124)	(1,102)		
Gain on fund management	(85,387)	(85,825)	(761,679)		
Financing expenses	3,714	4,513	40,055		
Loss (gain) related to securities	(2,160)	(2,744)	(24,353)		
Loss (gain) on money held in trust	(395)	15	135		
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	46	(305)	(2,715)		
Loss (gain) on disposal of non-current assets	425	255	2,269		
Net decrease (increase) in trading account securities	1,674	35	314		
Net decrease (increase) in loans and bills discounted	(254,505)	(203,509)	(1,806,080)		
Net increase (decrease) in deposit	134,621	172,433	1,530,296		
Net increase (decrease) in negotiable certificates of deposit	28,706	(6,746)	(59,869)		
Net increase (decrease) in borrowed money (excluding subordinated borrowings)	7,529	70,116	622,261		
Net decrease (increase) in deposit (excluding deposit paid to Bank of Japan)	12,869	(8,381)	(74,379)		
Net decrease (increase) in call loans	(19,213)	115,707	1,026,869		
Net increase (decrease) in call money	109,772	(140,968)	(1,251,053)		
Net increase (decrease) in payables under securities lending transactions	38,161	7,667	68,051		
Net decrease (increase) in foreign exchanges - assets	(455)	1,342	11,916		
Net increase (decrease) in foreign exchanges - liabilities	(12)	51	453		
Net decrease (increase) in lease receivables and investment assets	(2,108)	(2,400)	(21,303)		
Proceeds from fund management	84,920	85,368	757,622		
Payments for finance	(3,882)	(4,393)	(38,993)		
Other, net ·····	(48,618)	(1,135)	(10,074)		
Subtotal	47,824	61,081	542,083		
Income taxes paid	(13,058)	(11,261)	(99,943)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	34,765	49,820	442,140		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchases of securities	(296,575)	(251,243)	(2,229,710)		
Proceeds from sales of securities	140,903	126,928	1,126,454		
Proceeds from redemption of securities	171,108	253,258	2,247,593		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(3,544)	(3,582)	(31,792)		
Purchase of intangible assets	(2,507)	(2,462)	(21,850)		
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment		124	1,109		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	9,386	123,024	1,091,804		
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from issuance of bonds with subscription rights to shares	21,416	(= ====)	(40.00=)		
Purchase of treasury shares	(9,567)	(5,532)	(49,097)		
Proceeds from sales of treasury shares	507	452	4,013		
Cash dividends paid	(4,416)	(5,403)	(47,954)		
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(10)	(10)	(93)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	7,928	(10,493)	(93,131)		
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	52.600	(6)	(61)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	52,689	162,343	1,440,752		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	109,118	161,807	1,435,995		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	¥ 161,807	¥ 324,151	\$ 2,876,747		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Gunma Bank, Ltd. (the "Bank") and consolidated subsidiaries (the "Group") have been prepared from the accounts maintained by the Bank in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Banking Law, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan and other applicable rules and regulations and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards.

In addition, the notes to the consolidated financial statements include information which is not required under accounting principles generally accepted in Japan but is presented herein as additional information.

Certain items have been reclassified from the original consolidated financial statements filed with the Prime Minister as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act for the convenience of readers outside Japan. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to comply with the current year presentation.

b. Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Bank and its significant subsidiaries. The number of consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 was 4 and 5, respectively.

Gungin Securities Co., Ltd. has been included in the scope of consolidation from there of fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 due to the establishment.

The remaining unconsolidated subsidiaries have been excluded from the scope of consolidation because, judging from their assets, ordinary profit, profit or loss (amounts corresponding to the Bank's equity interest), retained earnings (amounts corresponding to the Bank's equity interest) and accumulated other comprehensive income (amounts corresponding to the Bank's equity interest), they do not have a material effect on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

As of March 31,2015 and 2016, the Bank had 2 unconsolidated subsidiaries, which were accounted for using the equity method.

Gunma Bank Business Support Investment Business Limited Partnership has been included in the scope of unconsolidated subsidiary not accounted for using the equity method from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 due its establishment.

Gunma Capital No.2 Investment Business Limited Partnership which was an unconsolidated subsidiary not accounted for using the equity method for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015 was liquidated during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

In reference to the consolidated subsidiaries' closing dates, one company closes accounts at the end of December, while four others close at the end of March.

Consolidation is based on each subsidiary's respective financial statement on the respective closing dates.

For any significant transactions talking place between the consolidated closing date and each subsidiary's closing date, necessary adjustments are made.

c. Trading Account Securities

Trading securities purchased for trading purpose are stated at market value at the fiscal year end with its related cost of sales being determined mainly by the moving average method.

d. Securities

Securities are classified into four categories: trading, held-to-maturity bonds, equity of subsidiaries and affiliates or securities available for sale. Trading securities are carried at market value and held-to-maturity bonds are carried at

amortized cost. Equity of subsidiaries and affiliates are stated at cost and accounted for by the equity method, respectively. Marketable securities classified as securities available for sale are carried at market value with changes in unrealized holding gain or loss, net of the applicable income taxes, recorded as a component of net assets. Securities whose fair value is not readily determinable are stated at cost determined by the moving average method or amortized cost.

Securities comprising the trust asset in money held in trust which is solely managed primarily for the purpose of securities operations are stated at market value.

e. Derivatives

Derivatives are stated at market value.

f. Non-current assets

(1) Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment of the Bank are computed by the straight line method.

The estimated useful lives principally applied are as follows.

Buildings 6 to 50 years

Equipment and furniture 3 to 20 years
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment of the
consolidated subsidiaries are principally computed by the
straight line method based on the estimated useful lives of
the respective assets.

(2) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are depreciated using the straight line method. Software used internally is depreciated over its estimated useful life (mainly five years).

(3) Leased assets

Leased assets in "Property, plant and equipment" subject to finance lease transactions other than those under which the title of the leased equipment is transferred to the lessee are depreciated using the straight line method assuming that the lease period is equal to the useful life. If a guarantee for residual value is prescribed by the lease contract, the residual value is equal to such guaranteed residual value; otherwise, the residual value is zero.

g. Foreign Currency Translation

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date.

h. Allowance for loan losses

The reserve for possible loan losses is provided in accordance with the internal policies regarding write-offs and allowance for loan losses.

For credit extended to obligors that are legally bankrupt under the Bankruptcy Law, Special Liquidation under the Commercial Code or other similar laws, and to obligors that are effectively in similar conditions, reserves are maintained at 100% of amounts of claims net of expected amounts recoverable from the disposal of collateral and/or the amounts recoverable under guarantees.

For credit extended to obligors that are not yet legally or formally bankrupt but who are likely to be bankrupt, reserves are maintained at the amount deemed necessary based on overall solvency analyses of the amount of claims less expected amounts recoverable under guarantees.

For credit extended to obligors with Restructured Loan as defined in Note 5 below, reserves are maintained using Discounted Cash Flow Method ("the DCF Method") if i) the exposure to the obligor exceeds a certain threshold and ii) the future cash flow from the repayment of principal and interest can be reasonably estimated. Under the DCF Method, the reserve is determined as the difference between the book value of the loan and its present value of future cash flows discounted using the contractual interest rate before the loan was classified as a Restructured Loan.

For credit extended to all other obligors, reserves are maintained at rates derived from default experiences for a certain period in the past, etc.

The reserve for possible loan losses is provided based on the result of self assessment on quality of assets which is performed in accordance with the Bank's internal guidelines and is independently reviewed by the internal audit unit.

Other consolidated subsidiaries record a general reserve for possible loan losses by applying the historical loan-loss ratio observed over specific periods, and the specific reserve for certain loans at the estimated uncollectible amount based on an assessment of each borrower's ability to repay.

i. Provision for directors' bonuses

A provision is provided for the payments of bonuses to directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Member at the amount of the estimated bonus payments corresponding to the end of the fiscal year.

j. Accounting method for retirement benefits

In calculating retirement benefit obligation, the Bank uses the benefit formula basis for the purpose of attributing expected retirement benefit payment to the period up to the end of the fiscal year. In addition, the accounting method for actuarial gain and loss is as follows:

Actuarial gain and loss

Actuarial gain and loss are amortized from the year following the occurrence primarily by the straight line method over a fixed period (mainly 10 years) that is shorter than the average remaining service years of the eligible employees.

Meanwhile, certain consolidated subsidiaries calculate liability for retirement benefits and retirement benefit expenses by the simplified method, using the amount of retirement benefit required for voluntary resignations at the end of the fiscal year as retirement benefit obligation.

k. Provision for directors' retirement benefits

To prepare for the payment of retirement benefits to directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Member, a reserve is provided at the amount deemed to have accrued at the end of the fiscal year (the estimated amount payable on the balance sheet date based on the bylaws) out of the estimated amount payable as retirement benefits to directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Member.

1. Provision for reimbursement of deposits

Provision for reimbursement of deposits accounts is provided for the repayment of dormant deposits which are no longer recorded as liabilities, based on the estimated reimbursement losses that may be incurred should the deposits be withdrawn.

m. Provision for point card certificates

Provision for point card certificates is provided for the future usage of points granted to credit card members at the amount estimated to be used in the future periods.

n. Provision for Contingent Loss

The provision for contingent loss is provided for the payment of charges related to the responsibility-sharing system to Credit Guarantee Corporations at the amount expected to be paid based on the past payment experience.

o. Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between financial reporting and the tax basis of the assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws which will be in effect when the differences are expected to be reversed.

p. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share was computed based on the profit available for distribution to stockholders and the number of shares of common stock outstanding during the fiscal year.

q. Hedge Accounting

Hedge Accounting for Interest Rate Risks

The Bank adopted the standard treatment of the Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24, "Treatment of Accounting and Auditing of Application of Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments in the Banking Industry" ("Report No. 24") issued by the JICPA on February 13, 2002. Under the standard treatment of the Report No. 24, the Bank applies the deferred method of hedge accounting for qualifying derivative instruments to mitigate the interest rate risks arising from various financial assets and liabilities. Hedge effectiveness is assessed for each designated group of hedged items (such as deposits) and the corresponding group of hedging instruments (such as interest rate swaps). Both of the hedged items and hedging instruments are grouped based on their durations and compared for the testing of effectiveness.

In addition to the above, the Bank applies exceptional treatment for certain interest swap contracts that meet the criteria for the exceptional treatment, under which eligible interest rate swap contracts are accounted for on an accrual basis.

Hedge Accounting for Foreign Exchange Risks

For foreign exchange risks arising from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Bank adopted the standard treatment prescribed in the Report No. 25 issued by the JICPA on July 29, 2002. Under that treatment, the Bank applies the deferred method of hedge accounting. The Bank enters into currency-swaps and foreign exchange swaps to mitigate the foreign exchange risks arising from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and assesses, both at the hedge's inception and on an ongoing basis, whether these derivatives are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of hedged items (financial assets and liabilities). Hedge effectiveness is assessed by ensuring that the foreign currency position of the hedging instruments that are designated to hedge foreign exchange risk of the foreign currency-denominated receivables and payables exceeds that of the hedged foreign currency-denominated receivables and payables.

r. Recognition for Income and Expenses

Income and expenses associated with finance lease transactions are recognized when lease fees are received.

s. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of cash flows consist of cash and deposit with the Bank of Japan which are included in "Cash and due from banks" on the consolidated balance sheets.

2. Changes in Accounting Policies

(Application of "Accounting Standards for Business Combinations," etc.)

Effective from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, The Bank adopted "Revised Accounting Standard for Business Combinations" (ASBJ Statement No.21, September 13, 2013; hereinafter the "Accounting Standard for Business Combinations"), "Revised Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" (ASBJ Statement No.22, September 13, 2013; hereinafter the "Accounting Standard for Consolidation"), and "Revised Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures" (ASBJ Statement No.7, September 13, 2013; hereinafter the "Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures") and other related standards. Accordingly,

difference arising from changes in the Bank's ownership interests in subsidiaries in cases where control is retained is recognized in capital surplus and acquisition-related costs are recognized as expenses in the fiscal year in which they arise. Regarding business combination taking place on or after the beginning of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, an adjustment to the provisional amount arising from the finalization of the tentative accounting treatment relating to the purchase price allocation is retrospectively recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the accounting period in which the business combination occurs. In addition, presentation of profit and other items has been revised, and the term "minority interests" has been renamed as "non-controlling interests". For consistency with these changes, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2015 have been reclassified.

In the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, cash flows from purchase or sales of equity of subsidiaries not resulting in change in the scope of consolidation are recognized under "Cash flows from financing activities" whereas cash flows concerning any costs associated with the purchase of equity of subsidiaries resulting in change in the scope of consolidation or any costs incurred associated with purchase or sales of equity of subsidiaries not resulting in change in the scope of consolidation are recognized under "Cash flows from operating activities."

The Bank has adopted the Accounting Standards for Business Combinations, etc. from the beginning of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 prospectively, in accordance with the transitional accounting treatments set forth in Paragraph 58-2(4) of the Accounting Standard for Business Combinations, Paragraph 44-5(4) of the Accounting Standard for Consolidation and Paragraph 57-4(4) of the Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures.

There is no effect of these changes on the consolidated financial statements.

3. Accounting Standards, etc. Not Yet Adopted

"Implementation Guidance on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets" (ASBJ Guidance No.26, March 28, 2016; hereinafter the "Implementation Guidance")

(1) Outline

The Implementation Guidance has been partially revised basically following the guidelines regarding recoverability of deferred tax assets prescribed in the JICPA Audit Committee Report No.66, "Auditing Treatment for Determining the Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets."

(2) Planned date of adoption

The Bank plans to adopt the Implementation Guidance from the beginning of the fiscal year commencing on April 1, 2016

(3) Impact of the adoption of the above accounting standards, etc.

The impact of the adoption of the Implementation Guidance is not yet determined.

4. Additional Information

(Application of "Practical Solution on Transactions of Delivering the Company's Own Stock to Employees etc. through Trusts")

The Bank enters into transactions of delivering its own shares to the employees' stockholding association through trusts for the purpose of employee welfare.

1. Outline of transactions

Based on the resolution at the Board of Directors meeting held on February 8, 2013, the Bank introduced the "Employee Stock Ownership Plan Trust" (hereinafter, the "ESOP Trust") for the purpose of enhancing employee welfare in line with the Bank's 80th anniversary.

This is an incentive plan that covers all the employees participating in the employees' stock holding association.

Under the plan, the Bank sets up the ESOP Trust account in a trust bank, where the ESOP Trust preliminary acquires from the market the number of shares of the Bank the employee's stockholding association is expected to acquire during four years and eight months following the setting up of the trust. Subsequent to this, the ESOP Trust will sell the shares of the Bank to the employee's stockholding association on an ongoing basis. If the amount equivalent to gain on sale of shares is accumulated in the ESOP Trust at the time the shares are sold out, the amount will be treated as residual assets and distributed to eligible beneficiaries. As the Bank provides a guarantee of debt for the ESOP Trust to acquire the shares of the Bank, if the amount equivalent to loss on sale of shares is accumulated in the ESOP Trust due to a fall in the share price of the Bank, and debt in an amount equivalent to that loss is remaining in the Trust at the time the Trust expires, the Bank is obliged to repay the remaining debt in accordance with the guarantee agreement.

- 2. While the Bank has applied the "Practical Solution on Transactions of Delivering the Company's Own Stock to Employees etc. through Trusts" (ASBJ PITF No. 30, March 26, 2015), it is accounted for using the same method the Bank has previously adopted.
- 3. Matters relating to the shares of the Bank held by the trust
- (1) Carrying amount of shares held by the trust:

As of March 31, 2015 ¥1,993 million As of March 31, 2016 ¥1,598 million

- (2) The shares of the Bank held by the trust are recorded as treasury shares under shareholders' equity.
- (3) The number of shares at the fiscal year end and the number of weighted average shares during the fiscal year The number of shares:

As of March 31, 2015 3,995 thousand shares As of March 31, 2016 3,203 thousand shares

The weighted average number of shares:

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015 4,411 thousand shares During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 3,636 thousand shares

The number of shares at the fiscal year end and the weighted average number of shares during the fiscal year are included in the number of treasury shares that are excluded from the calculation of per share data.

5. Yen and U.S. Dollar Amounts

The Bank maintains its accounting records in yen. The yen amounts included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are stated in millions of yen, truncating amounts of less than one million yen. Therefore, the totals or subtotals presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements may not always add up to the sum of the respective account balances. "—" is used to denote nil and "0" is used to denote rounding down to zero.

Amounts in U.S. dollars are included solely for the convenience of the reader. The rate of \$112.68 = U.S.\$1.00, the approximate exchange rate prevailing on March 31, 2016, has been used. The inclusion of such amounts is not intended to imply that yen have been or could be readily converted, realized or settled in U.S. dollars at that or any other rate.

6. Loans and Bills Discounted

(1) Loans and bills discounted at March 31, 2015 and 2016 included the following items:

Balance of loans to borrowers under bankruptcy procedures as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 were ¥5,778 million and ¥5,509 million (U.S.\$48,898 thousand), respectively.

Balance of delinquent loans as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 were ¥61,260 million and ¥56,992 million (U.S.\$505,791 thousand), respectively.

Loans to borrowers under bankruptcy procedures consist of non-accrual loans on which the payment of principal or interest is well past due or there is no prospect of recovery of the principal or interest from the borrower (excluding the written-down portion of the loan). This category also includes the loans cited in Article 96-1-3 and 96-1-4 of the Corporation Tax Law (Government Ordinance No. 97 of 1965).

Delinquent loans are non-accrual loans, which do not fall under the classifications of loans to bankrupt borrowers or financial assistance loans where interest has been suspended for the purpose of business rehabilitation or debtor assistance.

(2) Balance of loans past due for 3 months or more as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 were ¥784 million and ¥1,070 million (U.S.\$9,501 thousand), respectively.

Loans past due for 3 months or more are classified in this category when 3 months or more have elapsed since the due date without the payment of principal or interest. The balance of loans to borrowers under bankruptcy procedures and the balance of delinquent loans are not included in this category.

(3) Balance of restructured loans as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 were \display43,436 million and \display44,012 million (U.S.\display390,596 thousand), respectively.

Restructured loans include loans which have been restructured to support the rehabilitation of certain borrowers who are encountering financial difficulties, with the intention of ensuring recovery of the loans by providing easier repayment terms for the borrowers (such as by reducing the rate of interest or by providing a grace period for the payment of principal/interest, etc.). Excluded from this balance are the balance of loans to borrowers under bankruptcy procedures, the balance of delinquent loans and the balance of loans past due for 3 months or more.

- (4) The total balance of loans to borrowers under bankruptcy procedures, delinquent loans, loans past due for 3 months or more and restructured loans as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 were ¥111,259 million and ¥107,585 million (U.S.\$954,786 thousand), respectively.
- (5) Bills discounted are accounted for as financial transactions in accordance with JICPA industry Audit Committee Report No.24. The Bank has rights to sell or pledge bank acceptances bought, commercial bills discounted, documentary bills and foreign exchange bought without restrictions. Their total face value as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 were ¥39,796 million and ¥38,744 million (U.S.\$343,845 thousand), respectively.

7. Loan Commitments

Contracts of overdraft facilities and loan commitment limits are contracts that require the Bank to extend credit to customers up to the prescribed limits in response to customers' application of loan as long as there is no violation of any condition in the contracts. The unused amount relating to these contracts within the limits was \$1,275,169 million, \$1,311,247 million (U.S.\$11,636,911 thousand),

respectively at March 31, 2015 and 2016. \$1,222,112 million, \$1,262,580 million (U.S.\$11,205,009 thousand), respectively, at March 31, 2015 and 2016 out of these unused balances were for the contracts of which original contractual term are one year or less, or unconditionally cancelable at any time.

Since many of these commitments expire without being drawn down, the unused amount does not necessarily represent a future cash requirement. Most of these contracts have conditions that the Bank can refuse customers' loan application or decrease the contract limits with proper reasons (e.g., changes in financial situation, deterioration in customers' creditworthiness). At the inception of contracts, the Bank obtains real estate, securities, etc. as collateral if considered to be necessary. Subsequently, the Bank performs periodic review of the customers' business results based on internal rules, and takes necessary measures to reconsider conditions in contracts and/or require additional collateral and guarantees.

8. Financial Instruments

(1) The financial instruments and related disclosures *a. Policy for financial instruments*

The Group provides mainly banking services and other financial services including leasing. The Bank engages in fund management including investment in securities and funding in the call market, in addition to the business of accepting deposits and negotiable certificates of deposit as well as provision of loans. With its financial assets and liabilities exposed to interest rate risk, the Bank adopts asset liability management (ALM) to avoid incurring unexpected loss due to fluctuations in interest rates. Thus, the Bank's derivative transactions are not only intended to provide solutions to customers' financial needs, but also to conduct ALM within the Bank.

There are the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries that engage in securities business or banking business.

Also leasing operation is conducted by a consolidated subsidiary.

b. Nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments

Financial assets held by the Group comprise mainly loans to clients, which are exposed to credit risk. The Group's financial assets also include securities such as stocks and bonds, which are exposed to credit risk of the issuing entities as well as the risk of market price fluctuations.

Assets and liabilities in the forms of loans, bonds and deposits are exposed to interest rate risk, which is partially hedged by interest rate swap transactions. Likewise foreign currency denominated loans and bonds involve foreign currency exchange fluctuation risk, which is mitigated by making it a rule to match the currency of investment and financing, or hedged by the use of currency swap transactions.

Call money and borrowed money, etc. are exposed to cash flow risk, involving inability to settle payments on due dates as a result of the unavailability of market under certain circumstances.

The Bank conducts derivative transactions including interest rate swaps and currency-swaps in an effort to accommodate clients' financial needs, and as part of the Bank's ALM effort. Besides, the Bank engages in proprietary derivative trading with the purpose to earn short-term spread, subject to risk management including the setting of certain position limits and maximum allowable losses, in an effort to prevent losses in excess of certain threshold.

The Bank applies hedge accounting, The Bank confirms that for hedges of interest rate to which exceptional treatment of interest rate swap is applied, the conditions for exceptional treatment are met and that for hedges of the

foreign currency exchange fluctuation risk, foreign currency position exceeds the hedged instruments.

c. Risk management for financial instruments

The Bank has formulated Basic Policies of Risk Management and ancillary rules concerning risks, along with the following structure to enforce adequate risk management.

1) Credit risk management

The Bank has established its credit management structure based on the internal rules concerning credit risks, including the Credit Policy and the Basic Rules for Credit Risk Management.

Provision of loans and other credit facilities involves credit risk management such as individual credit review, post-origination credit control including the utilization of Borrower Rating System and self assessment, handling of problem loans and monitoring of the credit concentration in particular sectors in loan portfolios.

Credit risks associated with securities investment and market transactions are managed by capturing fair value and credit rating.

Primary credit risk management tools such as credit rating system, self-assessment of the Bank's asset, write-off/reserve provisioning, are developed and examined by Risk Management Department which is independent of the business promotion division and the screening division, and checked by Inspection & Audit Department, for the purpose of proper check and balance. Executive Committee and the Board of Directors are updated on the latest risk situation regularly and as appropriate.

2) Market risk management

Risk management structure is in place, based on the internal rules concerning market risks including the Basic Rules of Market Risk Management.

For market transactions, the department in charge of market transactions is structured in such a way that they check each other: the Treasury & Securities Department serves as the front office department in charge of transactions, whereas the Financial Markets & International Department serves as the middle-office and back-office department in charge of risk management and administrative processing.

In addition, the Bank establishes the risk tolerance and the risk management criteria, conducts monitoring, and reports the monitored information to the ALM & Profit Management Committee via the Risk Management Department.

The principal financial instruments that expose the Bank to market risk include loans, deposits, securities and derivative transactions. In order to monitor the degree of market risk exposure of these financial instruments and financial obligations, the Bank employs the VaR technique as a uniform indicator tool.

It applies the historical-simulation method to the computation of VaR. Its VaR model uses a 99.9% confidence level and a 5-year observation period, with various holding periods depending on the holding purposes.

The total amount of value at risk (VaR) for the Bank as of March 31, 2016 was ¥77,500 million (The total amount of value at risk (VaR) for the Bank as of March 31, 2015 was ¥78,900 million).

The Bank conducts back tests by comparing the VaR derived from its measuring model and actual gains or losses, in order to confirm that its measuring model captures the market risk with sufficient adequacy. It should be noted that the VaR represents the amount of market risk under the condition of a certain event probability which was statistically calculated based on historical market fluctuations; therefore the model may not be able to capture sufficiently the risk associated with financial instruments in

market turmoil that exceeds historical levels of market fluctuations

3) Cash flow risk management

Risk management structure is in place, based on the internal rules concerning cash flow risks including the Basic Rules of Cash Flow Risk Management.

With respect to cash flow risk, the Bank determines the department in charge of cash flow management, which rigorously manages cash flow periodically (e.g., daily, weekly, monthly) including its overseas bases. In addition, the ALM & Profit Management Committee, which is convened each month, takes every precaution to facilitate cash flow by identifying and analyzing the cash flow status, the balance between investing and funding, interest rate movements and other factors.

We have also prepared a Contingency Plan to prepare against emergencies, and are taking every precaution including developing systems that enable us to respond appropriately to a wide range of scenarios.

d. Supplementary explanations on fair value of financial instruments

Fair value of financial instruments are measured based on the quoted market price, if a quoted market price is available, or are measured based on the reasonably estimated value if a quoted market price is not available. Fair value of financial instruments whose quoted market price is not available is calculated based on certain assumptions, and the value might differ if different assumptions are used. In addition, the contract amount of the derivative transactions does not represent the market risk of the derivative transactions.

(2) Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying value on the consolidated balance sheet and fair value of financial instruments as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 as well as the differences between these values are described below. Financial instruments such as non-listed shares whose fair value is not readily determinable are not included in the table.

			Millions	of yen			
-			201	5			
	Carrying	Value	Market \	Value	Diffe	rence	es.
1. Due from Banks	¥	164,918	¥	164,918		¥	_
2. Securities							
Held-to-maturity bonds		22,863		23,042			178
Available for sale ·····	2,	292,520	2,	292,520			_
3. Loans and bills discounted	4,	806,908					
Allowance for loan losses		(42,158)					
	4,	764,750	4,	810,193		4.	5,443
Total asset	¥7,	245,053	¥7,	290,675		¥4.	5,622
1. Deposits ····	¥6,	112,402	¥6,	112,666		¥	264
2. Negotiable certificate of deposit		142,955		142,955			(0)
3. Payable under securities lending transaction		262,906		262,906			_
4. Borrowed money		187,647		187,647			_
Total liability	¥6,	705,912	¥6,	706,176		¥	264
Derivative transaction							
derivatives to which hedge accounting is not applied	¥	287	¥	287		¥	_
derivatives to which hedge accounting is applied		(4,790)		(4,790)			_
Total derivatives	¥	(4,503)	¥	(4,503)		¥	
_			Millions				
<u> </u>			201	6			
	Carrying	Value	Market \	Value	Diffe	rence	es .
1. Due from Banks	¥	335,643	¥	335,643		¥	_
2. Securities							
Held-to-maturity bonds		12,238		12,386			148
Available for sale ·····	2,	115,445	2,	115,445			_
3. Loans and bills discounted	5,	010,417					
Allowance for loan losses		(37,068)					
		973,349	5,	023,233		49	9,884
Total asset	¥7,	436,677	¥7,	486,709		¥50	0,032
1. Deposits ····	¥6,	284,836	¥6,	285,135		¥	299
2. Negotiable certificate of deposit ·····		136,209		136,209			_
3. Payable under securities lending transaction		270,574		270,574			_
4. Borrowed money		257,764		257,764			_
Total liability	¥6,	949,384	¥6,	949,684		¥	299
Derivative transaction							
derivatives to which hedge accounting is not applied	¥	334	¥	334		¥	_
derivatives to which hedge accounting is applied		3,097		3,097			_
		3,037		3,031			
Total derivatives	¥	3,431	¥	3,431		¥	

	Thousands of U.S. dollars				
_		2016			
_	Carrying Value	Market Value	Differences		
1. Due from Banks	\$ 2,978,735	\$ 2,978,735	_		
2. Securities					
Held-to-maturity bonds	108,610	109,924	1,314		
Available for sale	18,773,926	18,773,926	_		
3. Loans and bills discounted	44,465,901				
Allowance for loan losses	(328,972)				
	44,136,929	44,579,639	442,710		
Total asset	\$65,998,200	\$66,442,224	\$444,024		
1. Deposits	\$55,775,968	\$55,778,627	\$ 2,660		
2. Negotiable certificate of deposit	1,208,815	1,208,815	_		
3. Payable under securities lending transaction	2,401,267	2,401,267	_		
4. Borrowed money	2,287,578	2,287,578	_		
Total liability	\$61,673,628	\$61,676,287	\$ 2,661		
Derivative transaction					
derivatives to which hedge accounting is not applied	\$2,964	\$2,964	_		
derivatives to which hedge accounting is applied	\$27,486	\$27,486	_		
Total derivatives	\$30,450	\$30,450	_		

(Note 1)

Method of estimating fair value

Assets

1) Cash and due from banks

For due from banks without maturity, book value is reported as their fair value. Due from banks with maturity has short-term maturity (1 year or less), and thus book value is recorded as its fair value because of the proximity between the two.

2) Securities

Shares are stated at prices quoted on stock exchanges, while bonds are stated at the reference prices for over-the-counter bond transactions (average) published by Japan Securities Dealers Association. Investment trusts are stated at the official reference price.

Privately-placed bonds with the Bank's guarantee are stated at the fair value, calculated by discounting the expected cash flows estimated to reflect the issuing entity's credit risk as of the closing date, using the market interest rate. Notes to securities by holding purpose are stated in "Securities."

3) Loans and bills discounted

Interest rates of variable interest rate loans reflect market interest rate at short intervals, and thus their fair values are stated at book value because of their proximity to fair value, unless there are significant changes of the borrowers' credit conditions. Fixed interest rate loans are stated at their fair value as calculated by discounting their cash flows, of which those with OTC interest rate are stated at fair value as calculated by discounting their scheduled cash flow using the interest rate that would be applicable to similar new loans, and are determined by category and by term. Loans not with OTC interest rate are stated at fair value as calculated for each credit rating group, by discounting their future cash flow estimated to reflect the credit risk of each such group, using market interest rate. For loans with short-term maturity (1 year or less), book value is recorded as its fair value because of the proximity between the two.

In addition, receivables to borrowers that are Bankrupt borrowers, virtually bankrupt borrowers, or at Borrowers threatened with bankruptcy are stated at book value which are deemed to approximate their fair values on the consolidated balance sheets as of the consolidated closing date, minus the current amount of estimated loan losses, which are estimated based upon the current values of estimated future cash flows, collateral, guarantees, or estimated collectible amounts.

Loans undated due to their specific attributes such as loan amount being limited within the value of collateral assets, are stated at book value which are deemed to approximate their fair value in consideration of factors including estimated payment periods and interest rates conditions.

Liabilities

1) Deposits and 2) Negotiable certificate of deposits

For demand deposit, fair value is deemed to be the amount payable on demand at year end date (book value). For time deposits and negotiable certificates of deposit, fair value is calculated by discounting future cash flows, using interest rates applicable to new deposits and market interest rate, respectively. For loans with short-term maturity (1 year or less), book value is recorded as its fair value because of the proximity between the two.

3) Payable under securities lending transactions

As collateral related to securities lending has short-term contractual maturity (1 year or less), book value is recorded as its fair value because of the proximity between the two.

4) Borrowed Money

The carrying amount of borrowed money with floating interest rates approximates fair value because the market rates are promptly reflected in the floating interest rate and the credit risks of the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries have not changed significantly after borrowing. The fair value of borrowed money with fixed interest rates is determined by discounting future cash flows at the rate that

would be applied for similar new contracts. The carrying amount of borrowed money with maturity of less than one year approximates fair value because of its short maturity period.

Derivative Transaction

Derivative transactions are described in "Derivative Financial Instruments Transactions."

(Note 2)

Financial instruments whose fair value is not readily determinable are as follows: These are not included in "Assets 2) Securities" of the information on the fair values of financial instruments.

	Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2015	2016	2016
Non-listed stocks	¥2,615	¥2,563	\$22,749
Equity of subsidiaries and affiliates	¥2,706	¥2,990	\$26,544
Total	¥5,321	¥5,554	\$49,293

(Note 3) Redemption schedules for monetary claims and securities with maturity after the fiscal year-end

	Millions of yen						
<u>_</u>		2015					
	Due in 1 year or less	Due from 1 year to 3 years	Due from 3 year to 5 years	Due from 5 year to 7 years	Due from 7 year to 10 years	Due after 10 years	
Due from banks	¥ 109,535	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	
Securities	255,143	713,526	482,608	287,380	183,825	25,048	
Held-to-maturity securities	11,637	5,349	4,472	366	1,084	_	
National government bonds	10,700	4,100	3,200	_	_	_	
Local government bonds	188	32	_	_	_	_	
Corporate bonds	387	735	308	4	_	_	
Others	361	482	964	361	1,084	_	
Available for sale securities with							
maturity	243,505	708,177	478,135	287,014	182,740	25,048	
National government bonds	104,500	251,500	132,100	142,900	38,000	_	
Local government bonds	50,778	118,202	123,774	129,969	124,754	_	
Corporate bonds ·····	47,303	153,199	68,243	8,136	9,657	_	
Others	40,923	185,274	154,017	6,008	10,328	25,048	
Loans and bills discounted	¥1,317,206	¥ 897,836	¥ 615,854	¥334,901	¥366,308	¥1,175,191	
Total	¥1,681,884	¥1,611,363	¥1,098,463	¥622,282	¥550,133	¥1,200,240	

	Millions of yen					
			20	16		
	Due in 1 year or less	Due from 1 year to 3 years	Due from 3 year to 5 years	Due from 5 year to 7 years	Due from 7 year to 10 years	Due after 10 years
Due from banks	¥ 276,715	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —
Securities	277,939	437,124	334,631	212,126	138,616	2,000
Held-to-maturity securities	5,106	2,657	2,952	361	1,206	_
National government bonds	4,100	1,500	1,700	_	_	_
Local government bonds	32	_	_	_	_	_
Corporate bonds	612	675	287	_	_	_
Others	361	482	964	361	1,206	_
Available for sale securities with						
maturity ·····	272,832	434,467	331,678	211,764	137,410	2,000
National government bonds	163,500	130,000	149,500	103,500	2,000	2,000
Local government bonds	59,379	141,729	136,142	98,039	119,731	_
Corporate bonds ·····	48,070	149,204	43,778	8,608	15,352	_
Others	1,882	13,532	2,257	1,615	326	_
Loans and bills discounted	¥1,338,961	¥ 914,303	¥584,334	¥359,714	¥395,065	¥1,321,231
Total	¥1,893,615	¥1,351,428	¥918,965	¥571,840	¥533,682	¥1,323,231

_			Thousands of	f U.S. dollars		
			20	16		
	Due in 1 year or less	Due from 1 year to 3 years	Due from 3 year to 5 years	Due from 5 year to 7 years	Due from 7 year to 10 years	Due after 10 years
Due from banks	\$ 2,455,760	_	_	_	_	_
Securities	\$ 2,466,622	\$ 3,879,346	\$2,969,748	\$1,882,556	\$1,230,180	\$ 17,749
Held-to-maturity securities	45,321	23,586	26,202	3,211	10,704	_
National government bonds	36,386	13,312	15,087	_	_	_
Local government bonds	289	0	_	_	_	_
Corporate bonds	5,435	5,992	2,552	_	_	_
Others	3,211	4,282	8,563	3,211	10,704	_
Available for sale securities with						
maturity	2,421,301	3,855,760	2,943,546	1,879,345	1,219,476	17,749
National government bonds	1,451,012	1,153,710	1,326,766	918,530	17,749	17,749
Local government bonds	526,975	1,257,804	1,208,226	870,074	1,062,584	_
Corporate bonds	426,607	1,324,145	388,516	76,400	136,246	_
Others	16,707	120,101	20,038	14,341	2,897	_
Loans and bills discounted	\$11,882,866	\$ 8,114,158	\$5,185,787	\$3,192,351	\$3,506,086	\$11,725,516
Total	\$16,805,248	\$11,993,504	\$8,155,535	\$5,074,907	\$4,736,266	\$11,743,265

(Note 4) Repayment schedules for deposits and other interest-bearing debt after the fiscal year-end

repayment seriedares for deposits and s	ther interest bet	ining debt unter t	ne nocar year en	a .			
			Million	s of yen			
			20	15			
	Due in 1 year or less	Due from 1 year to 3 years	Due from 3 year to 5 years	Due from 5 year to 7 years	Due from 7 year to 10 years	Due after 10 years	
Deposit	¥5,594,465	¥460,223	¥44,198	¥5,675	¥7,840	¥—	
Negotiable certificate of deposit	142,855	100	_	_	_	_	
Payable under securities lending							
transaction ·····	262,906	_	_	_	_	_	
Borrowed money	182,518	3,444	1,578	106			
Total	¥6,182,745	¥463,767	¥45,776	¥5,781	¥7,840	¥—	
	Millions of yen						
_	2016						
_	Due in 1	Due from 1	Due from 3	Due from 5	Due from 7	Due after	
	year or less	year to 3 years	year to 5 years	year to 7 years	year to 10 years	10 years	
Deposit ····	¥5,756,005	¥475,972	¥38,630	¥5,915	¥8,312	¥—	
Negotiable certificate of deposit ······	136,209	_	_	_	_	_	
Payable under securities lending							
transaction	270,574	_	_	_	_	_	
Borrowed money	253,543	3,359	847	14			
Total	¥6,416,332	¥479,332	¥39,477	¥5,929	¥8,312	¥—	
	Thousands of U.S. dollars						
-			20	16			
_	Due in 1 year or less	Due from 1 year to 3 years	Due from 3 year to 5 years	Due from 5 year to 7 years	Due from 7 year to 10 years	Due after 10 years	
Deposit	\$51,082,761	\$4,224,106	\$342,831	\$52,502	\$73,768	_	
Negotiable certificate of deposit	1,208,815	_	_	_	_	_	
Payable under securities lending							
transaction	2,401,267	_	_	_	_	_	
Borrowed money	2,250,117	29,817	7,520	124	_	_	
Total	\$56,942,960	\$4,253,923	\$350,351	\$52,626	\$73,768		

9. Securities

(1) Market Value of Securities

Market value and valuation differences of securities as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 and other related information were as follows. Securities below include trading securities classified as trading account securities, negotiable certificates of deposits classified as Cash and due from banks. The same definition was applied in the following tables (a) to (g).

(a) Trading account securities

	Millions	s of yen	U.S. dollars	
	2015	2016	2016	
Valuation gain included in income for the year	(¥2)	¥7	\$69	

(b) Held-to-maturity bonds

The Bank's and its consolidated subsidiaries' investments in held-to-maturity bonds as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 were summarized as follows.

		Millions of yen			
			2015		
		Carrying Value	Market Value	Differences	
Securities of which market	National government bonds	¥18,010	¥18,030	¥ 20	
value exceed carrying value	Local government bonds	184	186	2	
	Corporate bonds	1,395	1,411	16	
	Other securities	2,888	3,032	143	
	sub total	¥22,478	¥22,661	¥182	
Securities of which market	National government bonds	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	
value does not exceed	Local government bonds	37	37	_	
carrying value	Corporate bonds	0	0	_	
	Other securities	6,228	6,225	(3)	
	sub total	¥ 6,265	¥ 6,262	(¥3)	
	total ·····	¥28,744	¥28,923	¥179	

		Millions of yen		
	2016			
	Carrying Value	Market Value	Differences	
onal government bonds	¥ 6,504	¥ 6,538	¥ 33	
l government bonds	20	21	0	
oorate bonds ·····	1,456	1,476	19	
er securities ······	2,671	2,779	107	
sub total	¥10,653	¥10,815	¥161	
onal government bonds	¥ 800	¥ 800	¥ (0)	
l government bonds ·····	11	11	_	
oorate bonds ·····	80	79	(0)	
er securities ······	5,858	5,845	(12)	
sub total	¥ 6,750	¥ 6,737	(¥12)	
total	¥17,403	¥17,552	¥148	
	l government bonds	onal government bonds ¥ 6,504 l government bonds 20 orate bonds 1,456 or securities 2,671 sub total ¥10,653 onal government bonds ¥ 800 l government bonds 11 orate bonds 80 or securities 5,858 sub total ¥ 6,750	Carrying Value Market Value	

		Thousands of U.S. dollars			
			2016		
		Carrying Value	Market Value	Differences	
Securities of which market	National government bonds	\$ 57,725	\$ 58,024	\$ 299	
value exceed carrying value	Local government bonds	184	187	3	
	Corporate bonds	12,930	13,100	170	
	Other securities	23,711	24,669	958	
	sub total ·····	\$ 94,550	\$ 95,980	\$1,430	
Securities of which market	National government bonds	\$ 7,100	\$ 7,100	(\$△0)	
value does not exceed	Local government bonds	105	105	_	
carrying value	Corporate bonds	709	708	(1)	
	Other securities	51,990	51,881	(109)	
	sub total	\$ 59,904	\$ 59,794	(\$110)	
	total	\$154,454	\$155,774	\$1,320	

(c) Available for sale securities

(c) Thuritable for saile securities						
	<u> </u>	Millions of yen 2015				
		Carrying Value	Cost	Differences		
Securities of which market	Stocks	¥ 208,367	¥ 85,587	¥122,779		
value exceed cost	Bonds	1,502,218	1,464,164	38,054		
	National government bonds	677,165	659,420	17,744		
	Local government bonds	563,239	545,674	17,564		
	Corporate bonds ·····	261,814	259,069	2,745		
	Other securities	527,641	487,331	40,310		
	Foreign bonds	397,574	391,071	6,502		
	Other securities	130,067	96,259	33,807		
	sub total ·····	¥2,238,228	¥2,037,083	¥201,144		
Securities of which market	Stocks	¥3,695	¥ 3,849	(¥154)		
value does not exceed cost	Bonds	38,156	38,277	(121)		
	National government bonds	9,062	9,069	(6)		
	Local government bonds	1,792	1,800	(7)		
	Corporate bonds	27,301	27,408	(106)		
	Other securities	13,280	13,304	(23)		
	Foreign bonds	11,169	11,178	(8)		
	Other securities	2,111	2,126	(14)		
	sub total ·····	¥ 55,132	¥ 55,431	(¥298)		
	total	¥2,293,360	¥2,092,515	¥200,845		

	_	Millions of yen 2016			
	_	Carrying Value	Cost	Differences	
Securities of which market	Stocks	¥ 168,880	¥ 72,442	¥ 96,438	
value exceed cost	Bonds	1,398,709	1,360,773	37,936	
	National government bonds	567,265	550,285	16,979	
	Local government bonds	572,177	554,220	17,956	
	Corporate bonds	259,267	256,267	3,000	
	Other securities	497,901	468,686	29,215	
	Foreign bonds	383,189	376,561	6,627	
	Other securities	114,712	92,124	22,587	
	sub total ·····	¥2,065,492	¥1,901,901	¥163,590	
Securities of which market	Stocks	¥ 10,504	¥ 12,056	(¥1,551)	
value does not exceed cost	Bonds	9,422	9,488	(65)	
	National government bonds	_	_	_	
	Local government bonds	799	800	(1)	
	Corporate bonds	8,623	8,688	(64)	
	Other securities	30,721	31,080	(359)	
	Foreign bonds	26,556	26,728	(172)	
	Other securities	4,165	4,351	(186)	
	sub total ·····	¥ 50,648	¥ 52,625	(¥1,976)	
	total ·····	¥2,116,141	¥1,954,527	¥161,613	

		Tho	ousands of U.S. dollars	
			2016	
		Carrying Value	Cost	Differences
Securities of which market	Stocks	\$ 1,498,764	\$ 642,905	\$ 855,859
value exceed cost	Bonds	12,413,115	12,076,437	336,678
	National government bonds	5,034,303	4,883,615	150,688
	Local government bonds	5,077,893	4,918,532	159,361
	Corporate bonds	2,300,919	2,274,290	26,629
	Other securities	4,418,721	4,159,444	259,277
	Foreign bonds	3,400,684	3,341,869	58,815
	Other securities	1,018,037	817,575	200,462
	sub total ·····	\$18,330,600	\$16,878,786	\$1,451,814
Securities of which market	Stocks	\$ 93,225	\$ 106,998	(\$13,773)
value does not exceed cost	Bonds	83,625	84,205	(580)
	National government bonds	_	_	_
	Local government bonds	7,091	7,100	(9)
	Corporate bonds	76,534	77,105	(571)
	Other securities	272,644	275,833	(3,189)
	Foreign bonds	235,678	237,211	(1,533)
	Other securities	36,966	38,622	(1,656)
	sub total ·····	\$ 449,494	\$ 467,036	(\$17,542)
	total	\$18,780,094	\$17,345,822	\$1,434,272

(d) Held-to-maturity bonds sold Nil

(e) Available for sale securities sold

	Millions of yen					
	2015					
	Proceeds from sales	Gains	Losses			
Stocks	¥ 2,980	¥1,487	¥140			
Bonds	99,176	592	0			
National government bonds	86,838	505	0			
Local government bonds	3,125	25	_			
Corporate bonds	9,213	62	_			
Other securities	35,021	395	126			
Foreign bonds	33,864	53	126			
Other securities	1,157	341	_			
total	¥137,179	¥2,475	¥268			

	Millions of yen					
_		2016				
	Proceeds from sales	Gains	Losses			
Stocks	¥ 8,457	¥3,397	¥109			
Bonds	51,968	296	0			
National government bonds	46,263	290	_			
Local government bonds	400	0	_			
Corporate bonds	5,304	6	0			
Other securities	57,603	739	136			
Foreign bonds	56,432	311	136			
Other securities	1,171	427	0			
total	¥118,029	¥4,434	¥246			

and 1				•
Thousands	of 1	II C	dal	are

		2016		
_	Proceeds from sales	Gains	Losses	
Stocks	\$ 75,055	\$30,155	\$ 974	
Bonds	461,203	2,632	5	
National government bonds	410,578	2,574	_	
Local government bonds	3,551	1	_	
Corporate bonds	47,074	57	5	
Other securities	511,217	6,563	1,209	
Foreign bonds	500,819	2,767	1,208	
Other securities	10,398	3,796	1	
total	\$1,047,475	\$39,350	\$2,188	

(f) Securities whose holding purpose was reclassified Nil

(g) Securities written down for the purpose of impairment adjustment

When fair values of other securities for which fair values are determinable have reduced significantly from, and are unlikely to restore to the level of their acquisition costs, their carrying values are reduced to fair values, with valuation differences treated as losses for the period (hereinafter referred to as "Impairment Adjustment").

There was no Impairment Adjustment during the year ended March 31, 2015.

The amount of write-down during the year ended March 31, 2016 for the purpose of Impairment Adjustment was ¥1,440 million, including ¥1,440 million in stocks.

The criteria to determine whether there was "a significant reduction" in fair values are included in self-assessment criteria. Impairment Adjustment is applied to all stocks with fair values having reduced 50% or more from their acquisition costs, while for stocks with fair values having reduced 30% or more but less than 50% from their acquisition costs, Impairment Adjustment is subject to case-by-case judgment of the likelihood of recovery in fair values, based on the share price trend for certain period before the benchmark date as well as financial conditions of the issuing entity.

(2) Investments in non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates

Securities included investments in non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates of ¥2,706 million and ¥2,990 million at March 31, 2015 and 2016, respectively.

(3) Guarantee obligations for bonds in private placement

Guarantee obligations for bonds in private placement (defined in Article 2 (3) of Financial Instruments and Exchange Act) included in Japanese Corporate Bonds were ¥24,466 million and ¥32,136 million (U.S.\$285,205 thousand) as of March 31, 2015 and 2016, respectively.

10. Money Held in Trust

Money Held in Trust for Trading Purposes

	Millions of y	Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	2015	2016	2016	
Consolidated Balance Sheet Amount	5,000	4,967	44,087	
Unrealized Gains Included in the Consolidated Statements of Income	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(769)	
Money Held in Trust for Holding Purposes				

11. Valuation Difference on Available-for-sale Securities

Valuation difference on available-for-sale Securities as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 consisted of the following

	Millions of y	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2015	2016	2016
Valuation Difference	200,845	161,613	1,434,271
Securities Available-for-Sale	200,845	161,613	1,434,271
Deferred Tax Liabilities	64,241	49,106	435,802
Valuation Difference, Net of Taxes	136,604	112,507	998,469
Amount Attributable to Non-controlling interests	17	7	68
Net Unrealized Gains on Securities Available-for-Sale Owned by Affiliates, which is Attributable to the Parent	196	245	2,179
Valuation Difference on Available-for-sale Securities	136,783	112,745	1,000,580

12. Derivative Financial Instruments Transactions

(1) Derivatives to which hedge accounting is not applied

With respects to the derivatives to which hedge accounting is not applied, contract amount or notional amount set out in the contract, fair value, valuation gain or loss and calculation method of such fair value, by class of underlying asset at the end of the year are as described below. The whole contract amounts and other amounts shown here are not indicative of the market risks associated with these derivative transactions.

(a) Interest Rate Related Transactions

				Millions	s of yen			
		20	15			20	16	
As of March 31,	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit
Interest rate futures:								
Written ·····	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —
Purchased ·····								_
	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —

	Thousands of U.S. dollars				
	2016				
	Contract	Due after	Fair	Valuation	
As of March 31,	amounts	1 year	Value	profit	
Interest rate futures:					
Written	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
Purchased	_	_	_	_	
	<u> </u>	\$ —	<u> </u>	\$ —	

				Millions	of yen			
_	2015					2016		
As of March 31,	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit
Interest rate swaps:								
Receipt fixed								
payments floating ··	¥48,103	¥42,303	¥ 288	¥333	¥ 50,337	¥47,560	¥ 618	¥ 636
Receipt floating								
payments fixed	48,103	42,303	(130)	(130)	50,337	47,560	(402)	(402)
:	¥96,206	¥84,606	¥ 158	¥202	¥100,674	¥95,120	¥ 216	¥ 233
						Thousands of	U.S. dollars	
						2010	5	
As of March 31,					Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit
Interest rate swaps:								
Receipt fixed								
payments floating					\$446,727	\$422,082	\$ 5,493	\$ 5,645
Receipt floating								
payments fixed		•••••			446,727	422,082	(3,576)	(3,576)
				:	\$893,454	\$844,164	\$ 1,917	\$ 2,069
				Millions	of yen			
		2015			·	2010	5	
For the years ended March 31,	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit
Interest cap trading:								
Written ·····	_	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —
Purchased ·····								
:		¥—	¥—	¥—	¥ —	¥—	¥ —	¥ —
				_		Thousands of	U.S. dollars	
						2010		
For the year ended March	31,				Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit
Interest cap trading:						,		F
Written					\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Purchased					· _	· <u> </u>	_	· —
				-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ —

1. Transactions above are stated at the fair value and the related valuation gain or loss is reported in the consolidated statements of incomes.

2. Calculation of fair value

The fair values of transactions listed on exchanges are based on the last quoted market price at the Tokyo Financial Exchange Inc. or others.

The fair values of over-the-counter transactions are based on the discounted present value, option pricing models or others.

(b) Foreign Exchange Related Transactions

	Millions of yen							
_		201	5			2010	5	
As of March 31,	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit
Currency swaps	¥66,073	¥59,798	¥122	¥122	¥81,235	¥61,439	¥97	¥153
						Thousands of	U.S. dollars	
				_		201	6	
As of March 31,					Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit
Currency swaps					\$720,939	\$545,252	\$864	\$1,363

				Millions	of yen			
		201	.5			2010	5	
For the years ended March 31,	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit
Forward exchange contracts:								
Written	¥ 6,033	¥ —	¥(48)	¥(48)	¥ 6,583	¥ —	¥ 225	¥ 225
Purchased ·····	5,357	_	55	55	5,613	_	(205)	(205)
	¥11,391	¥ —	¥ 6	¥ 6	¥12,196	¥ —	¥ 20	¥ 20
Currency options:								
Written	¥29,347	¥22,638	¥(2,050)	¥ 528	¥ 50,621	¥41,374	¥(2,946)	¥ 865
Purchased	29,347	22,638	2,050	(194)	50,621	41,374	2,946	(392)
	¥58,695	¥45,277	¥ —	¥ 334	¥101,242	¥82,749	¥ —	¥ 472

	Thousands of U.S. dollars			
	2016			
For the year ended March 31,	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Valuation profit
Forward exchange contracts:				
Written	\$ 58,423	\$ —	\$ 2,004	\$ 2,004
Purchased	49,821		(1,821)	(1,821)
	\$720,939	\$ —	\$ 183	\$ 183
Currency options:				
Written	\$449,250	\$367,190	\$(26,150)	\$ 7,682
Purchased	449,250	367,190	26,150	(3,485)
	\$898,500	\$734,380	<u> </u>	\$ 4,197

- 1. Transactions above are stated at the fair value and the related valuation gain or loss is reported in the consolidated statements of incomes.
- 2. Calculations of fair value

The fair values are based on factors such as the discounted present value.

- (c) Equity Related Transactions Nil
- (d) Bond Related Transactions Nil
- (e) Commodity Related Transactions . Nil
- (f) Credit Derivatives Nil .

(2) Derivatives to which hedge accounting is applied

With respects to the derivatives to which hedge accounting is applied, contract amount or notional amount set out in the contract and the fair value at the end of the year along with the calculation method of such fair value, by class of underlying asset and by method of hedge accounting, are as follows. The whole contract amounts and other amounts shown here are not indicative of the market risks associated with these derivative transactions.

(a)Interest Rate Related Transactions

			Millions of yen					
				2015			2016	
As of March 31,		Hedged items	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value
Standard treatment:	Interest rate swaps:	_	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —
	Interest rate futures:	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Interest rate options: ····	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Others ·····	_			_			
			¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —	¥ —

			Thousands of U.S. dollars			
				2016		
As of March 31,	Hedged items	i	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	
Standard treatment:	Interest rate swaps: —		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
	Interest rate futures: —		_	_	_	
	Interest rate options: ···· —		_	_	_	
	Others		_	_	_	
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

				Millions of yen				
				2015			2016	
As of March 31,		Hedged items	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value
Exceptional treatment:	Interest rate swaps: Receipt fixed	Loan	¥23,043	¥18,847		¥22,868	¥20,410	
	payments floating ······ Receipt floating		_	_	*note	_	_	*note
	payments fixed		23,043	18,847		22,868	20,410	
	Total							

(Note) As the swaps that qualify for exceptional treatment for interest rate swaps are treated as one combined with hedged loans, fair value of the former is included in that of the latter in the "Financial Instruments".

						Thousands of U.S. dollars			
				2016					
As of March 31,		Hedged items	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value				
Exceptional treatment:	Interest rate swaps:	Loan	\$202,954	\$181,137					
	Receipt fixed payments floating		_	_	_				
	Receipt floating								
	payments fixed		202,954	181,137	_				
			\$202,954	\$181,137					

- 1. The Bank adopted mainly the standard treatment of the "Treatment of Accounting and Auditing of Application of Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments in the Banking Industry" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24 issued by the JICPA on February 13, 2002.). Under the standard treatment of the Report No. 24, the Bank applies the deferred method of hedge accounting.
- 2. Calculation of fair value

The fair values of transactions listed on exchanges are based on the last quoted market price at the Tokyo Financial Exchange Inc. or others.

The fair values of over-the-counter transactions are based on the discounted present value, option pricing models or others.

(b) Foreign Exchange Related Transactions

		Millions of yen					
			2015			2016	
As of March 31,	Hedged items	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value
Standard treatment:	Currency swaps: Call loans, Loans	¥ 32,648	¥ —	(¥3,887)	¥70,162	¥28,170	¥3,068
	Forward exchange Bonds and Foreign exchange	¥126,769		(¥903)	¥ 2,074	¥ —	¥ 28
Deferred method:	Currency swap:	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Forward exchange contracts:	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Total ·····			(¥4,790)			¥3,097

		Thous	Thousands of U.S. dollars		
		2016			
As of March 31,		Contract amounts	Due after 1 year	Fair Value	
Standard treatment:	Currency swaps: Call loans, Loans,	\$622,666	\$250,000	\$27,234	
	Forward exchange Bonds and Foreign exchange	\$ 18,408		\$ 252	
Deferred method:	Currency swap:	_	_	_	
	Forward exchange contracts:	_	_	_	
	Total	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$27,486	

- 1. The Bank adopted mainly the standard treatment of the "Treatment of Accounting and Auditing Relating to the Accounting of Foreign Currency Transactions in the Banking Industry" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 25 issued by the JICPA on July 29, 2002.). Under the standard treatment of the Report No. 25, the Bank applies the deferred method of hedge accounting.
- 2. Calculation of fair value

The fair values are based on the discounted present value or others.

- 13. Comprehensive income

Amounts of recycling and tax effects on other comprehensive income

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2015	2016	2016
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax:			
Items recognized during the year	67,045	(¥32,692)	(\$290,132)
Amounts of recycling	(3,573)	(6,539)	(58,038)
Before tax effect adjustment	63,472	(39,231)	(348,170)
Tax effects	(15,708)	15,135	134,319
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	47,763	(24,096)	(213,851)
Deferred hedge gains (losses):			
Items recognized during the year	(504)	(651)	(5,780)
Amounts of recycling	599	466	4,143
Before tax effect adjustment	95	(184)	(1,637)
Tax effects	(34)	59	525
Deferred hedge gains (losses)	60	(125)	(1,112)
Revaluation reserve for land			, ,
Items recognized during the year	_	_	_
Amounts of recycling	_	_	_
Before tax effect adjustment	_	_	_
Tax effects	879	423	3,762
Revaluation reserve for land	879	423	3,762
Foreign currency translation adjustments:			
Items recognized during the year	587	2	20
Amounts of recycling	_	_	_
Before tax effect adjustment	587	2	20
Tax effects	_	_	_
Foreign currency translation adjustments	587	2	20
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans			
Items recognized during the year	3,541	(15,872)	(140,862)
Amounts of recycling	640	429	3,809
Before tax effect adjustment	4,181	(15,443)	(137,053)
Tax effects	(1,549)	4,676	41,502
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	2,631	(10,766)	(95,551)
Share of other comprehensive income of entities and affiliates accounted for using the equity method		, ,	
Items recognized during the year	133	49	435
Amounts of recycling	_	_	_
Before tax effect adjustment	133	49	435
Tax effects	_	_	_
Share of other comprehensive income of entities and	133	49	435
affiliates accounted for using the equity method			
Total other comprehensive income	¥52,056	(¥34,513)	(\$306,295)

14. Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation was computed using the declining-balance method. Property, plant and equipment as of March 31,2015 and 2016 were expressed net of the following accumulated depreciation.

Millions of	Millions of yen	
2015	2016	2016
¥64,670	¥65,194	\$578,577

Deferred gain on real estate deductible for tax purposes amounted to ¥3,937 million and ¥3,937 million on March 31,2015 and 2016, respectively.

15. Assets Pledged

Assets pledged as collateral as of March 31,2015 and 2016 were as follows:

	Millions of	Millions of yen		
	2015	2016	2016	
Securities	¥665,596	¥699,978	\$6,212,093	

Liabilities related to the above pledged assets as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 were as follows:

	Millions of	U.S. dollars	
	2015	2016	2016
Deposits	¥133,148	¥ 36,994	\$ 328,317
Payables under securities lending transactions	262,906	270,574	2,401,267
Borrowed money	180,352	251,436	2,231,424
Other	221	119	1,064

In addition, the following was pledged as collateral for settlements of exchange or margins for futures transactions as of March, 2015 and 2016.

	Millions	Millions of yen		
	2015	2016	2016	
Securities	¥82,201	¥36,785	\$326,462	
Other	49	229	2,034	

Guarantee deposits of \(\pm\)1,580 million were included in Other Assets as of March 31, 2016.

16. Revaluation Reserve for Land

Pursuant to the Law concerning Revaluation of Premises, premises used for business operations have been revalued as of March 31, 1998. Premises revaluation gain was included in Net Assets, net of income taxes.

Date of the revaluation: March 31,1998

Revaluation method stipulated in paragraph 3,Article 3 of the Law concerning Revaluation of Premises Calculated by applying reasonable adjustments to the roadside values such as adjustments for the shape of the land, based on Item 4, Article 2 of the Enforcement Ordinance of the Law Concerning Land Revaluation (Enforcement Ordinance No. 119, effective March 31 1998).

The difference between the revalued carrying amount and the fair value of premises revalued pursuant to Article 10 of the Law was ¥20,638 million and ¥20,430 million (U.S.\$181,311 thousand) as of March 31, 2015 and 2016,respectively.

17. Retirements benefits

Retirement benefit plans

Retirement benefit plans adopted by the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries

The Bank and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries have established defined benefit plans comprising a retirement lump-sum payment plan and defined benefit welfare pension plan (funded type), as well as defined contribution plan namely defined contribution pension plan. In addition, premium retirement benefits may be payable in certain circumstance at an employees' retirement. The Bank has a retirement benefit trust in place.

The changes in the retirement benefit obligation during the year ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 were as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2015	2016	2016
Balance at the beginning of the year	¥65,281	¥78,472	\$696,415
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting policies	8,781	_	_
Restated balance	74,062	78,472	696,415
Service cost	1,702	1,863	16,539
Interest cost	1,074	892	7,923
Actuarial loss	4,650	11,348	100,714
Retirement benefits paid	(3,018)	(2,800)	(24,853)
Prior service cost ·····	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Balance at the end of the year	¥78,472	¥89,776	\$796,738

(Note)

Consolidated subsidiaries use the simplified method in calculating retirement benefit obligations.

The changes in plan assets during the year ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 were as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2015	2016	2016	
Balance at the beginning of the year	¥69,570	¥77,178	\$684,933	
Expected return on plan assets	1,193	1,067	9,472	
Actuarial loss	8,191	(4,523)	(40,147)	
Contributions by the Bank	_	_	_	
Retirement benefits paid	(1,777)	(1,835)	(16,290)	
Other	_	_	_	
Balance at the end of the year	¥77,178	¥71,886	\$637,968	

(Note)

The Bank's contributions are funded by the retirement benefit trust.

Reconciliation of ending balances of retirement benefit obligations and plan assets, and net defined liability and net defined asset recorded on the consolidated balance sheets was as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2015	2016	2016
Funded retirement benefit obligation	¥78,472	¥89,776	\$ 796,738
Plan assets at fair value	(77,178)	(71,886)	(637,968)
	1,293	17,890	158,770
Unfunded retirement benefit obligation	_	_	_
Net liability (asset) for retirement benefits in the balance sheets	¥ 1,293	¥17,890	\$ 158,770
Net defined liability	¥ 1,297	¥17,890	\$ 158,770
Net defined asset	(3)	_	_
Net liability (asset) for retirement benefits in the balance sheets	¥ 1,293	¥17,890	\$ 158,770

Components of retirement benefit expense for the year ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 were as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2015	2016	2016
Service cost	¥ 1,702	¥ 1,863	\$16,539
Interest cost	1,074	892	7,923
Expected return on plan assets	(1,193)	(1,067)	(9,472)
Amortization of actuarial loss	640	429	3,809
Amortization of prior service costs	_	_	_
Other (extra payment of premium retirement benefits, etc.)	23	20	181
Retirement benefit expense associated with defined benefit plans	¥ 2,247	¥ 2,138	\$18,980

(Note)

Retirement benefit expense at consolidated subsidiaries using simplified method is collectively included in "Service cost."

Remeasurements of defined benefit plans on other comprehensive income (before tax effect adjustment) were as follows:

	Millions of yen		U.S. dollars	
	2015	2016	2016	
Prior service cost	¥ —	¥ —	\$ —	
Actuarial gain	(4,181)	15,443	137,053	
Other	_	_	_	
Total	¥(4,181)	¥15,443	\$137,053	

Remeasurements of defined benefit plans were as follows:

Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
2015	2016	2016
¥ —	¥ —	\$ —
2,105	17,549	155,743
_	_	_
¥2,105	¥17,549	\$155,743
	2015 ¥ — 2,105 —	2015 2016 ¥ — ¥ — 2,105 17,549 — —

The fair value of plan assets, by major category, as a percentage of total plan assets as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 were as follows:

	2015	2016
Bonds	30.2%	30.5%
Stock	49.3%	44.4%
Life insurance company general accounts	17.4%	22.6%
Cash and due from banks	0.1%	0.1%
Other	3.0%	2.4%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

The assumptions used in accounting for the above plans were as follows:

	2015	2016
Discount rates		
Welfare pension plan	1.5%	0.5%
Retirement lump-sum payment plan	1.0%	0.2%
Expected long-term return on plan assets		
Welfare pension fund	1.5%	1.2%
Retirement benefit trust	2.1%	1.7%
Other assumptions		
Expected rate of salary raises	4.2%	4.2%

Defined contribution plan

Amount of contributions required for defined contribution plans at consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 is ¥11 million and ¥11 million (U.S.\$101 thousand), respectively.

18. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The reconciliation of cash and due from banks in the consolidated balance sheets to the cash and cash equivalents as of March 31 2015 and 2016 was as follows:

	Millions o	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2015	2016	2016
Cash and Due from Banks	¥164,918	¥335,643	\$2,978,735
Interest-bearing Deposits included in Due from Banks (excluding Due from BOJ)	(3,110)	(11,492)	(101,988)
Cash and Cash Equivalents	¥161,807	¥324,151	\$2,876,747

19. Other Expenses

Other expenses for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 include \$187 million and \$408 million (U.S.\$3,628 thousand), respectively, of write-down of loans, \$140 million and \$108 million (U.S.\$960 thousand), respectively, of losses on sales of stocks and other securities, \$46 million and \$1,444 million (U.S.\$12,824 thousand), respectively, of losses on impairment of stocks and other securities and \$355 million and \$409 million (U.S.\$3,630 thousand), respectively, of losses on loans sold.

20. Lease Transactions

a. Lessee

Operating leases

Total future lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases at March 31, 2015 and 2016 are as follows:

	Millions	Millions of yen	
	2015	2016	2016
With one year	¥ 103	¥ 77	\$ 691
Over one year	126	61	546
Total	¥ 229	¥ 139	\$ 1,237

b. Lessor

Leased investment asset at March 31, 2015 and 2016 were summarized as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2015	2016	2016
Lease receivables	¥38,264	¥38,556	\$342,174
estimated residual value	4,463	4,785	42,472
Interest income	(4,672)	(4,692)	(41,641)
Total	¥38,055	¥38,649	\$343,005

The lease receivable amount at March 31, 2015 and 2016, and the amount of lease fees receivable on investment assets, which is scheduled to be collected after the fiscal year-end, were summarized as follows:

	Lease receivables	Lease investment assets
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
	2015	2015
within 1 year	¥846	¥11,456
over 1 year and within 2 years	802	9,372
over 2 years and within 3 years	722	7,200
over 3 years and within 4 years	547	4,942
over 4 years and within 5 years	273	2,759
over 5 years	265	2,531

	Lease rece	rivables	Lease investn	nent assets
	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2016	2016	2016	2016
within 1 year	¥1,327	\$11,780	¥11,580	\$102,771
over 1 year and within 2 years	1,241	11,015	9,439	83,771
over 2 years and within 3 years	1,067	9,477	7,173	63,662
over 3 years and within 4 years	787	6,986	4,954	43,968
over 4 years and within 5 years	387	3,443	2,740	24,320
over 5 years	479	4,254	2,668	23,683

21. Income Taxes

Income taxes applicable to the Bank and consolidated subsidiaries include corporation tax, inhabitants' tax and enterprise tax.

Income taxes of the foreign consolidated subsidiaries are based generally on the tax rates applicable in their countries of incorporation.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2015 and 2016 consisted of:

	Millions	Millions of yen		
	2015	2016	2016	
Deferred tax assets:				
Allowance for loan losses	¥ 11,347	¥ 8,920	\$ 79,164	
Provision for retirement benefits	4,890	4,720	41,897	
Devaluation loss on securities	727	621	5,517	
Depreciation	637	528	4,689	
Provision for point card certificates	341	327	2,904	
Other	4,741	9,422	83,621	
Subtotal	22,686	24,540	217,792	
Valuation allowance ·····	(4,984)	(4,159)	(36,913)	
Total: Deferred tax assets	17,701	20,381	180,879	
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Net unrealized gains on securities available for sale	(64,241)	(49,106)	(435,802)	
Retirement benefit trust	(1,927)	(1,956)	(17,364)	
Other	(467)	(466)	(4,142)	
Total: Deferred tax liabilities	(66,635)	(51,529)	(457,308)	
Net: Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	¥ (48,933)	¥(31,148)	\$(276,429)	

The reconciliation between the Japanese statutory tax rate and the Bank's effective tax rate for the year ended March 31, 2015 and 2016 Notes are omitted since the difference between the Japanese statutory tax rate and the actual effective tax rate after applying tax effect accounting is equal to or less than 5% of the Japanese statutory tax rate.

Revisions to the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities due to changes in income tax rates

The "Act for Partial Revision of the Income Tax Act, etc." (Act No. 15 of 2016) and the "Act for Partial Revision of the Local Tax Act, etc." (Act No. 13 of 2016) were enacted at the Diet on March 29, 2016, and as a result, corporation tax rates, etc. has been reduced from the fiscal year commencing on or after April 1, 2016.

Following this change, the statutory tax rate used for the calculation of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities has been changed from 32.8% for the year ended March 31, 2015 to 30.7% for the temporary differences expected to be settled in the fiscal years commencing on April 1, 2016 and 2017, and to 30.5% for the temporary differences expected to be settled in the fiscal year commencing on April 1, 2018, respectively. As a result, deferred tax assets decreased by ¥717 million (U.S.\$ 6,364 thousand), deferred tax liabilities decreased by ¥2,437 million (U.S.\$ 21,635 thousand), valuation difference on available-for-sale securities increased by ¥2,586 million (U.S.\$ 22,953 thousand) and income taxes-deferred increased by ¥584 million (U.S.\$ 5,190 thousand), respectively. Deferred tax liabilities by land revaluation decreased by ¥423 million (U.S.\$ 3,762 thousand) and revaluation reserve for land increased by the same amount.

22. Impairment loss of fixed assets

		Millions	of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
Area	Principal purpose of use	2015	2016	2016
Gunma Prefecture	Branch Premises	¥ 6	¥91	\$814
	Idle Assets			_
Others	Branch Premises	¥24	¥—	\$ —
	Idle Assets	0	_	_
		¥32	¥91	\$814
	Idle Assets	0 ¥32	¥91	

23. Segment Information

*a. Segment information by category of business*Segment information by category of business for the years ended or as of March 31,2015 and 2016 is summarized as follows:

					M	illions of yen				
Year ended or as of March 31, 2015		Banking		Lease		Sub total		Others		Total
Total income generated from businesses with										
External customers	¥	106,901	¥	19,892	¥	126,793	¥	3,473	¥	130,267
Internal units		351		475		826		1,129		1,956
	¥	107,252	¥	20,367	¥	127,620	¥	4,603	¥	132,224
Segment profit	¥	34,299	¥	1,187	¥	35,486	¥	3,598	¥	39,084
Segment assets	¥	7,525,785	¥	60,448	¥	7,586,233	¥	23,786	¥	7,610,019
Segment liabilities	¥	7,015,027	¥	50,035	¥	7,065,063	¥	14,739	¥	7,079,802
Others										
Depreciation	¥	4,628	¥	612	¥	5,240	¥	41	¥	5,282
Interest and dividend income	¥	85,627	¥	25	¥	85,653	¥	48	¥	85,701
Interest expenses	¥	3,690	¥	326	¥	4,017	¥	0	¥	4,017
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries and associated companies	¥	86	¥	_	¥	86	¥	_	¥	86
Extraordinary profit	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	2,385	¥	2,385
(Gain on negative goodwill)	¥	(—)	¥	(—)	¥	(—)	¥	(2,385)	¥	(2,385)
Extraordinary loss	¥	456	¥	_	¥	456	¥	1	¥	457
(Loss on disposal of noncurrent assets)	¥	(424)	¥	(—)	¥	(424)	¥	(1)	¥	(425)
(Impairment loss of fixed assets)	¥	(32)	¥	(—)	¥	(32)	¥	(—)	¥	(32)
Tax	¥	12,096	¥	447	¥	12,543	¥	1,126	¥	13,670
Investment of unconsolidated subsidiaries and associated companies	¥	1,394	¥	_	¥	1,394	¥	_	¥	1,394
Increase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	¥	5,113	¥	832	¥	5,945	¥	52	¥	5,998

					M	illions of yen				
Year ended or as of March 31, 2016		Banking		Lease		Sub total		Others		Total
Total income generated from businesses with										
External customers	¥	112,418	¥	21,899	¥	134,317	¥	1,902	¥	136,220
Internal units		366		439		806		1,183		1,989
	¥	112,785	¥	22,338	¥	135,124	¥	3,085	¥	138,209
Segment profit	¥	39,896	¥	1,646	¥	41,543	¥	2,094	¥	43,637
Segment assets	¥	7,616,644	¥	65,968	¥	7,682,613	¥	27,845	¥	7,710,459
Segment liabilities	¥	7,115,108	¥	54,515	¥	7,169,624	¥	14,466	¥	7,184,091
Others										
Depreciation	¥	5,074	¥	635	¥	5,709	¥	51	¥	5,760
Interest and dividend income	¥	86,085	¥	12	¥	86,097	¥	36	¥	86,133
Interest expenses	¥	4,489	¥	322	¥	4,811	¥	_	¥	4,811
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries and associated companies	¥	101	¥	_	¥	101	¥	_	¥	101
Extraordinary profit	¥	3	¥	_	¥	3	¥	_	¥	3
(Gain on disposal of noncurrent assets)	¥	(3)	¥	(—)	¥	(3)	¥	(—)	¥	(3)
Extraordinary loss	¥	350	¥	_	¥	350	¥	_	¥	351
(Loss on disposal of noncurrent assets)	¥	(258)	¥	(—)	¥	(258)	¥	(—)	¥	(259)
(Impairment loss of fixed assets)	¥	(91)	¥	(—)	¥	(91)	¥	(—)	¥	(91)
Tax	¥	12,809	¥	564	¥	13,374	¥	760	¥	14,135
Investment of unconsolidated subsidiaries and associated companies	¥	1,542	¥	_	¥	1,542	¥	_	¥	1,542
Increase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	¥	5,042	¥	846	¥	5,889	¥	67	¥	5,957

	Thousands of U.S. dollars								
Year ended or as of March 31, 2016		Banking		Lease		Sub total	Others		Total
Total income generated from businesses with									
External customers	\$	997,680		\$194,350	\$	1,192,030	\$ 16,885	\$	1,208,915
Internal units	\$	3,254		\$3,900	\$	7,154	\$ 10,499	\$	17,653
	\$	1,000,934		\$198,250	\$	1,199,184	\$ 27,384	\$	1,226,568
Segment profit	\$	354,070		\$14,615	\$	368,684	\$ 18,587	\$	387,271
Segment assets	\$	67,595,356		\$585,454	\$	68,180,810	\$ 247,122	\$	68,427,932
Segment liabilities	\$	63,144,380		\$483,809	\$	63,628,189	\$ 128,388	\$	63,756,578
Others									
Depreciation	\$	45,031	\$	5,640	\$	50,671	\$ 453	\$	51,124
Interest and dividend income	\$	763,978	\$	109	\$	764,087	\$ 320	\$	764,407
Interest expenses	\$	39,846	\$	2,858	\$	42,704	\$ _	\$	42,704
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries and associated companies	\$	903	\$	_	\$	903	\$ _	\$	903
Extraordinary profit	\$	34	\$	_	\$	34	\$ _	\$	34
(Gain on disposal of noncurrent assets)	\$	(34)	\$	(—)	\$	(34)	\$ (—)	\$	(34)
Extraordinary loss	\$	3,110	\$		\$	3,110	\$ 6	\$	3,116
(Losses on disposal of noncurrent assets)	\$	(2,296)	\$	(—)	\$	(2,296)	\$ (6)	\$	(2,302)
(Impairment loss of fixed assets)	\$	(814)	\$	(—)	\$	(814)	\$ (—)	\$	(814)
Tax	\$	113,684	\$	5,013	\$	118,697	\$ 6,754	\$	125,451
Investment of unconsolidated subsidiaries and associated companies	\$	13,688	\$	_	\$	13,688	\$ _	\$	13,688
Increase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	\$	44,755	\$	7,516	\$	52,271	\$ 597	\$	52,868

b. Segment information by geographical area
Segment information by geographical area has not been disclosed because the income and total assets of Japan area constituted more than 90% of the consolidated total.

*c. Operating income from foreign operations*Operating income from foreign operations has not been disclosed because it constituted less than 10% of the consolidated income.

24. Earnings per Share

	Yen		U.S. Dollars
	2015	2016	2016
Net Assets per Share of Capital Stock	¥1,146.98	¥1,126.44	\$10.00
Earnings per Share of Capital Stock	56.37	63.78	0.57
Diluted Earnings per Share of Capital Stock	56.3	63.68	0.57

1. Basis on calculating Net Assets per share was follows:

	Millions of	Thousands of U.S. Dollars	
	2015	2016	2016
Consolidated Net Assets	¥523,535	¥507,727	\$4,505,925.00
Deduction from nets assets	¥ 5,374	¥ 5,941	\$ 52,732.00
Less: Subscription Rights to Shares	316	377	3,350
Less: Non-controlling Interests	5,058	5,564	49,383
Consolidated Net Assets Attributable to Capital Shareholders	518,160	501,785	4,453,192
	Thousands of	Stocks	

	Thousands of Stocks		
	2015	2016	
Number of Shares of Capital Shares. Used for Calculating Net Assets per Share	451,760	445,461	

2. Basis on calculating Earnings per share was follows:

	Millions of ven	Thousands of Stocks	Van	U.S. Dollars
	Millions of yen		Yen	U.S. Dollars
For the year ended March 31, 2016	Net income	Weighted average stocks	EPS	
Basic EPS				
Earnings available to Common shareholders	¥28,616	448,682	¥63.78	\$0.57
Effect of dilutive warrants		672		
Diluted EPS	¥28,616		¥63.68	\$0.57
	Millions of yen	Thousands of Stocks	Yen	U.S. Dollars
		Weighted average		
For the year ended March 31, 2015	Net income	stocks	EPS	
Basic EPS				
Earnings available to Common shareholders	¥25,910	459,624	¥56.37	\$0.50
Effect of Dilutive warrants		633		
Diluted EPS	¥25,910		¥56.37	\$0.50
	¥25,910		¥56.37	\$0.50

25. Consumption tax

Consumption tax is excluded from transactions reported by Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries.

26. Changes in Net Assets

a. Information on type and number of shares issued and treasury sharesType and number of shares issued and treasury shares in the year ended March 31, 2016 were as follows:

	in thousands									
	Number of shares as of the previous fiscal year-end	Number of shares increased during the accounting period	Number of shares decreased during the accounting period	Number of shares as of the fiscal year-end						
Shares issued										
Common shares ·····	470,888			470,888						
Total	470,888			470,888						
Treasury shares										
Common shares	19,127	7,222	922	25,427						
Total	19,127	7,222	922	25,427						

Type and number of shares issued and treasury shares in the year ended March 31, 2015 were as follows:

_	in thousands									
	Number of shares as of the previous fiscal year-end	Number of shares increased during the accounting period	Number of shares decreased during the accounting period	Number of shares as of the fiscal year-end						
Shares issued										
Common shares ······	474,888	_	4,000	470,888						
Total ·····	474,888		4,000	470,888						
Treasury shares										
Common shares	10,330	13,823	5,026	19,127						
Total	10,330	13,823	5,026	19,127						

b. Information on dividends

The following dividends were paid in the year ended March 31, 2016:

		Amount of dividends		Cash divi	dends per share		
Date of resolution	Type of shares	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars	Yen	U.S. dollars	Record date	Effective date
Annual meeting of shareholders held on June 24, 2015	Common shares	¥2,962	\$26,291	¥6.5	\$0.06	March 31, 2015	June 25, 2015
Directors' meeting held on November 6, 2015	Common shares	¥2,491	\$22,112	¥5.5	\$0.05	September 30, 2015	December 4, 2015

The following dividends were paid in the year ended March 31, 2015:

		Amount of dividends	Cash dividends per share		
Date of resolution	Type of shares	Millions of yen	Yen	Record date	Effective date
Annual meeting of shareholders held on June 25, 2014	Common shares	¥2,347	¥5.0	March 31, 2014	June 26, 2014
Directors' meeting held on November 7, 2014	Common shares	¥2,113	¥4.5	September 30, 2014	December 5, 2014

Dividends whose record date is attributable to the year ended March 31, 2015 but which are effective after March 31, 2016

		Amount	of dividends	Cash dividends per share				
Date of resolution	Type of shares	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars	Source of dividends	Yen	U.S. dollars	Record date	Effective date
Annual meeting of shareholders held on June 24, 2016	Common shares	¥2,916	\$25,881	Retained earnings	¥6.5	\$0.06	March 31, 2016	June 27, 2016

Dividends whose record date is attributable to the year ended March 31, 2015 but which are effective after March 31, 2015

		Amount of dividends		Cash dividends per share		
Date of resolution	Type of shares	Millions of yen	Source of dividends	Yen	Record date	Effective date
Annual meeting of shareholders held on June 24, 2015	Common shares	¥2,962	Retained earnings	¥6.5	March 31, 2015	June 25, 2015

27. Stock Options

1. Line Item where Stock Options is Presented and the Amount

	Millions of	yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2015	2016	2016	
General and administrative expenses	¥126	¥117	\$1,040	

2. Details of Stock Option

(1) Outline of the Stock Option

()					
	1st equity warrant				
Title and numbers of grantees	Directors (Exclude outside directors)	11			
Number of stock options	Common shares	290,900			
Date of grant		July 26, 2012			
Vesting condition		Not fixed			
Service period		Not fixed			
Exercise period	From July	27, 2012 to July 26, 2042			

	2nd equit	y warrant
Title and numbers of grantees	Directors (Exclude outside directo	
Number of stock options	Common shares	217,000
Date of grant		July 25, 2013
Vesting condition		Not fixed
Service period		Not fixed
Exercise period	Fro	om July 26, 2013 to July 25, 2043
	3rd equity	y warrant
Title and numbers of grantees	Directors	11
Number of stock options	Common shares	59,900
Date of grant		July 25, 2013
Vesting condition		Not fixed
Service period		Not fixed
Exercise period	Fro	om July 26, 2013 to July 25, 2043
	4rd equity	v warrant
Title and numbers of grantees	Directors	12
Number of stock options	Common shares	189,400
Date of grant		July 28, 2014
Vesting condition		Not fixed
Service period		Not fixed
Exercise period	Fre	om July 29, 2014 to July 28, 2044
	5rd equity	v warrant
Title and numbers of grantees	Directors	9
Number of stock options	Common shares	38,700
Date of grant		July 28, 2014
Vesting condition		Not fixed
Service period		Not fixed
Exercise period	Fre	om July 29, 2014 to July 28, 2044
	6rd equity	v warrant
Title and numbers of grantees	Directors	11
Number of stock options	Common shares	109,400
Date of grant		July 29,2015
Vesting condition		Not fixed
Servis period		Not fixed
Exercise period	Fre	om July 30, 2015 to July 29, 2045
	7st equity	y warrant
Title and numbers of grantees	Directors	10
Number of stock options	Common shares	27,000
Date of grant		July 29,2015
Vesting condition		Not fixed
Servis period		Not fixed
Exercise period	Fre	om July 30, 2015 to July 29, 2045
Ziereise period		5m ,ai, 50, 2015 to jai, 29, 2015

(2) Size and situation of the Stock Option

(a) The number of the stock option

	Number of Shares						
	1st equity warrant	2nd equity warrant	3rd equity warrant	4st equity warrant	5nd equity warrant	6nd equity warrant	7st equity warrant
Non-vested							
As of March 31, 2015	239,800	180,600	30,600	189,400	38,700	_	_
Granted	_	_	_	_	_	109,400	27,000
Forfeited	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vested	62,900	43,400	5,100	14,000	4,300	_	_
Outstanding	176,900	137,200	25,500	175,400	34,400	109,400	27,000
vested							
As of March 31, 2015	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vested	62,900	43,400	5,100	14,000	4,300	_	_
Exercise	62,900	43,400	5,100	14,000	4,300	_	_

(b) Price Information

Forfeited Outstanding

	Yen						
	1st equity warrant	2nd equity warrant	3rd equity warrant	4st equity warrant	5nd equity warrant	6nd equity warrant	7st equity warrant
Exercise price	¥ 1	¥ 1	¥ 1	¥ 1	¥ 1	¥ 1	¥ 1
Average price at exercise	¥913	¥913	¥913	¥913	¥913	_	_
Fair value at grant date	¥311	¥542	¥585	¥545	¥591	¥851	¥893

	U.S. dollars						
	1st equity warrant	2nd equity warrant	3rd equity warrant	4st equity warrant	5nd equity warrant	6nd equity warrant	7st equity warrant
Exercise price	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.01
Average price at exercise	\$8.10	\$8.10	\$8.10	\$8.10	\$8.10	_	_
Fair value at grant date	\$2.76	\$4.81	\$5.19	\$4.84	\$5.24	\$7.55	\$7.93

3. The Estimations Used to Measure Fair Value of Stock Option

(1) Valuation method

The Black-Scholes option pricing model

(2) Main figures and the way of estimation

	6nd equity warrant	7st equity warrant
volatility of stock price (*1)	25.397%	28.073%
Estimated remaining outstanding Period (*2)	5.6 years	1.6 years
Estimated dividend (*3)	¥11.00 per share	¥11.0 per share
Risk-free interest rate (*4)	0.112%	0.003%

^{*1.} Volatility of Stock Price is calculated based on the actual stock prices of Estimated Remaining Outstanding Period.

4. Estimated Number of Stock Options to be Vested

The actual number of forfeited stock options alone is reflected because the number of stock options that will be forfeited in the future cannot be readily estimated.

^{*2.} Estimated Remaining Outstanding Period is calculated based on the average term in office of resigned directors (Exclude Non executive director.)

^{*3.} Estimated Dividend is based on the actual results of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015.

^{*4.} Risk-free Interest Rate is based on bonds' yields of the Estimated Remaining Outstanding Period.

Report of Independent Auditors



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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors The Gunma Bank, Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Gunma Bank, Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2016, and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, all expressed in Japanese yen.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Ernat & Young Shinkihon LLC

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for designing and operating such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. The purpose of an audit of the consolidated financial statements is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, but in making these risk assessments the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of The Gunma Bank, Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries as at March 31, 2016, and their consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Convenience Translation

We have reviewed the translation of these consolidated financial statements into U.S. dollars, presented for the convenience of readers, and, in our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been properly translated on the basis described in Note 5.

June 24, 2016

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